Integration of Electronic Based Surveillance System (eCBSS) into UgandaEMR

Tuberculosis (TB) remains a public health problem in Uganda and is listed as the fourth cause of death among communicable, maternal, neonatal, and nutritional diseases.



Samuel Lubwama leading a discussion on the FHIR standard being used in the exchange of data from UgandaEMR to eCBSS during the Integration Workshop

By Nancy Karunganwa and Samuel Lubwama Health Organisation (WHO) recommends countries establish strong surveillance systems with capability to support case finding, contact tracing, and follow-up an electronic Case Based Surveillance System (eCBSS) that helps track individual cases of TB; trace their contacts for TB screening, and monitor those who